



ORH/ORPRN Rural Health Listening Sessions

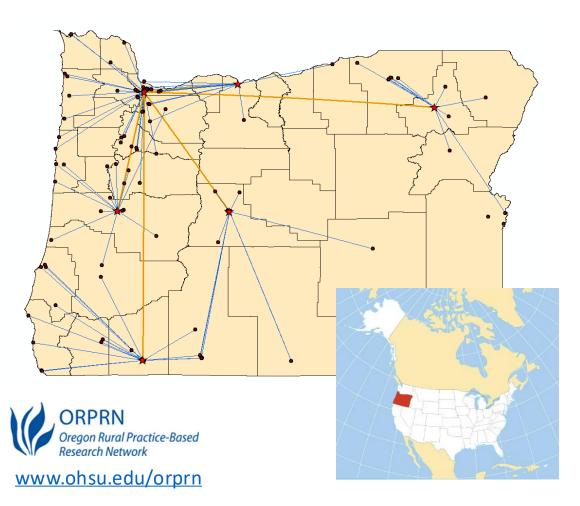
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The Oregon Office of Rural Health's mission is to improve the quality, availability and accessibility of health care for rural Oregonians.

ORPRN's mission is to improve health and equity for all Oregonians through community engaged research, education, and policy.



ORPRN Mission: Improve health and equity for all Oregonians through community partnered research, education and policy.



- State-wide PBRN founded in 2002.
- Guided by 12-member Advisory Board; regional practice facilitators
- Rural roots, but ~2012 bylaws updated to include urban & suburban clinics
- Work engages clinics, communities, health plan partners
- Partner regionally, nationally and internationally (Meta LARC, OCHIN)
- Tremendous growth in past 5 years

Three Robust Program Cores







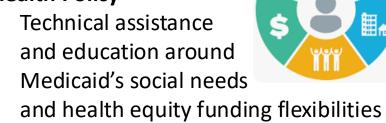
Research

- Community-based pragmatic clinical trials on lifespan topics (newborn skincare, kindergarten readiness, prevention, advance care planning)
- Blending Implementation Research and Quality Improvement to address primary care topics (substance use, chronic pain, immunizations, dementia, DMII, cancer screening)

Education

- Home to Oregon ECHO Network (40+ topics offered)
- Partners on Public Health
 Professional Workforce
 Development
- 10+ learner placements

Health Policy



- Design and implementation of community health assessments and community benefit programs
- Social needs screening and closed loop referral consultation and implementation
- Public health research and implementation in fundamental services (tobacco cessation, suicide prevention, immunizations), and upstream activities (health-related social needs)

Current projects: https://www.ohsu.edu/oregon-rural-practice-based-research-network/active-projects





Who We Are

- Mission
 - The mission of the Oregon Office of Rural Health (ORH) is to improve the quality, availability and accessibility of health care for rural Oregonians.
- Vision
 - ORH's vision is to serve as a state leader in providing resources, developing innovative strategies and cultivating collaborative partnerships to support Oregon rural communities in achieving optimal health and well-being.







What ORH Does

- Coordinate rural health activities and support rural partnerships
- Provide technical assistance and educational programming to rural health care facilities
 - Critical Access Hospitals (CAHs)
 - Rural Health Clinics (RHCs)
 - o EMS
 - Population health
 - Public health
- Health care community-level data
- Health care workforce recruitment and retention support for Oregon's underserved communities

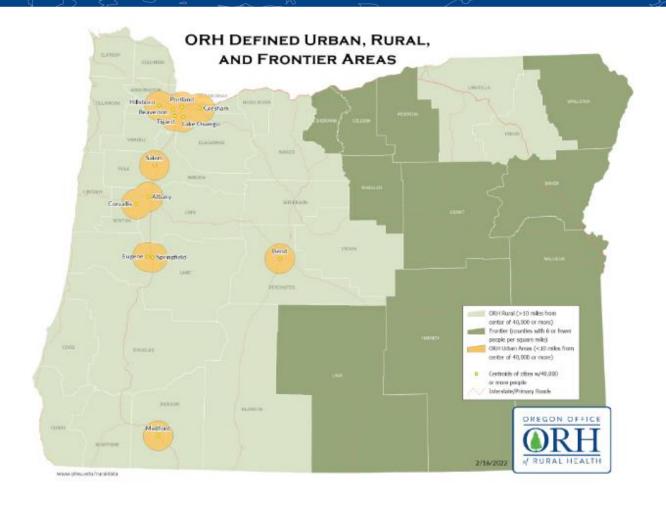






- As determined by ORH, the State of Oregon defines rural as "communities with a population of less than 40,000 and located 10 or more miles from the centroid of a population center of 40,000 or more"
- Oregon has a population of approximately 4.3 million, of which 34.8% live in rural communities







Listening Session Purpose and Goals

- Examine community health care needs
- Identify ways OHSU's rural-focused programs can better support health care facilities and agencies to improve access to and quality of care in rural communities
- Guide future development of ORH's and ORPRN's education and research programs to support rural health care facilities and agencies



Listening Session Advisory Committee

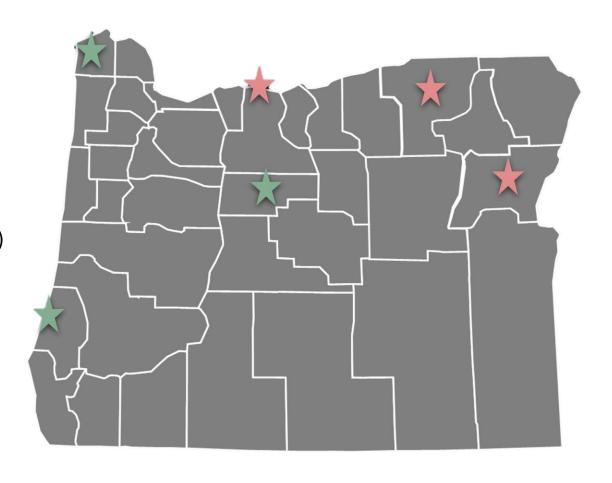
- Advisory committee scope
 - Identify potential topic areas
 - Identify locations to conduct listening sessions
 - Assist with invitation list
 - Assist with dissemination of listening session results
- Advisory committee members
 - 4 ORH staff
 - o 3 ORPRN staff
 - 2 AHEC Program Office staff
 - 1 Regional AHEC Director
 - 1 CAH behavioral health professional
 - o 1 CAH CEO
 - 1 OHSU Rural Campus faculty member
 - 1 OHSU rural research director





Rural Listening Session Locations

- Bandon (Bandon Community Center)
 - o April 19, 2024
- Pendleton (CHI St. Anthony Hospital)
 - o April 29, 2024
- Baker City (St. Alphonsus Baker City Medical Center)
 - o April 30. 2024
- The Dalles (Water's Edge Clinic)
 - o May 1, 2024
- Astoria (Columbia River Maritime Museum)
 - o May 13, 2024
- Madras (St. Charles Madras Hospital)
 - o May 16, 2024





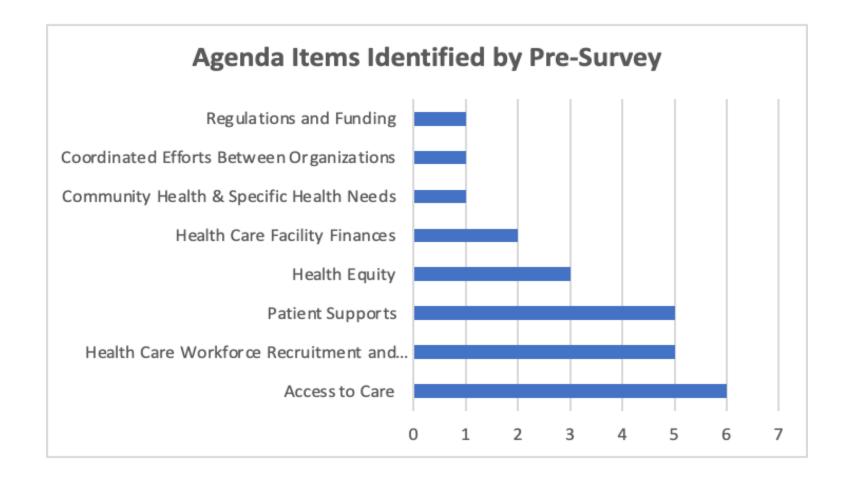


Listening Session Outcomes

- 97 individual participants from:
 - 12 Critical Access Hospitals (CAHs)
 - 2 Rural hospitals (non-CAHs)
 - 5 Rural Health Clinics (RHCs)
 - 4 Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs)
 - 13 Community-based organizations (CBOs)
 - 8 Public health departments
 - 4 Coordinated Care Organizations (CCOs)
 - 1 Private rural clinic
 - 1 County government



Listening Session Outcomes (cont.)





Listening Session Results | Health Care Workforce Recruitment and Retention

- Challenges
 - Professions
 - Behavioral health providers (67%)
 - Primary care providers, including those with a focus on older adults (67%)
 - Specialists (undefined) (33%)
 - Dentists (16%)
 - Social workers (16%)
 - Physical therapists (16%)
 - Occupational Therapists (16%)
 - Community Health Workers (50%)
 - Support staff (16%)
 - Reasons
 - Lack of adequate and affordable housing (100%)
 - Lack of education in rural areas to train for professions (50%)
 - Lack of daycare for staff families (33%)
 - Low pay compared to urban (33%)
 - Demand for flexible schedules (33%)
 - Requirements for maintenance of licensures/certifications (16%)



Listening Session Results | Health Care Workforce Recruitment and Retention

- Health care facility solutions
 - Offer generous hiring bonuses to candidates (33%).
 - Sponsor housing initiatives for providers and staff (33%).
 - Provide scholarships for workforce training (16%)
 - Explore how artificial intelligence can assist the workforce with efficiencies (16%)
 - Be open to remote options to recruit behavioral health providers (33%)
 - Offer paid internships to high school and college students (16%)
 - Identify burnout (especially among nurses) early and address it quickly. It is also important to institute a mentorship program for new graduates to combat professional isolation and prevent burnout (33%)
- Partnership solutions
 - Expand or implement "grow your own" strategies (67%)
 - Host host a job fair together to bring potential candidates to one place (16%)



Listening Session Results | Health Care Workforce Recruitment and Retention

- Policy solutions
 - CMS increase in funding for residency slots (16%)
 - Improve and expand health care workforce loan repayment programs (50%)
 - Also, expand to mid-level providers
 - Create state advocacy group to expand the scope of practice for midlevel providers (16%)
- Education solutions
 - \circ Free programs to train and cross train CHWs (33%)
 - Work with community colleges to build health care workforce education programs for needed professions (33%)
- Philanthropic solutions
 - Seek grant funding to provide childcare for providers (16%)



What do you think?

Are we missing any challenges in your communities?

Which of these solutions interest you?

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Join by Send **oregonruralp811** and your Text message to **37607**





Listening Session Results | Access to Care

- Challenges
 - Type of care challenges
 - Substance use disorder treatment (100%)
 - Behavioral health (83%)
 - Primary care (67%)
 - Dental care (50%)
 - Specialty care (33%)
 - Maternity care (33%)
 - Home health and hospice (33%)
 - Other access challenges
 - Telehealth (50%)
 - Transportation (67%)
 - Limited English proficiency with lack of effective and/or certified interpreters (67%)
 - Lack of trauma-informed care and cultural humility skills (67%)
 - Trust in health care system (33%)

"The more you experience a system that is not working for you, the more your comfort in accessing care is impacted." – Listening Session Participant



Listening Session Results | Access to Care

- Health care facility solutions
 - Employ more CHWs and peer support specialists (50%)
 - Implement an end-of-life doula program (16%)
 - Share specialists among hospitals and clinics (16%)
 - Implement mobile health units/street medicine (50%)
 - Start school-based health programs (16%)
 - Implement patient and family advisory councils (33%)
 - Create a trauma-informed care environment and culture of humility within facilities (16%)

Policy solutions

- Allow behavioral health services across state lines via telehealth through a state compact (33%)
- o Involve local people in thinking about health care. When local people provide input, that impacts local-level policy (16%)
- The state should incentivize direct care in a patient's preferred language rather than focusing on interpretation requirements (16%)
- Improve the certification/proficiency testing for health care interpreters to remove unrealistic barriers (33%)



Listening Session Results | Access to Care

- Partnership solutions
 - Develop specialty care connections (i.e., telehealth and/or e-consult partnerships) with other clinics and hospitals (33%)
 - CCO programs to pay for the health care interpreter exam (16%)
 - Regional advisory councils to request reviews for research and to engage community voices in the research (16%)
 - Collaborate to meet patient needs
 - Develop more collaboration and outreach services within the community (16%)
 - Integrate public health into the health care structure to prioritize prevention (16%)
 - CCOs to visit people in their homes to explain Medicaid to them (16%)
 - Collaboratively conduct a needs assessment focused on access issues (16%)
 - Collaborate to get grant funding for mobile health vans or community transportation programs to get patients to appointments (16%)



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Listening Session Results | Patient Supports and Social Drivers of Health

- Challenges
 - Adequate and affordable housing (67%)
 - Food insecurity (50%)
 - Limitations in utilizing Oregon's Medicaid 1115 waiver to address social needs (50%)



Listening Session Results | Patient Supports and Social Drivers of Health

- Health care facility solutions
 - Provide patients with a primary contact, such as a patient navigator or a CHW (33%)
- Partnership solutions
 - Form partnerships between hospitals and FQHCs to address social needs (16%)
 - Leverage the library to create a centralized resource list for patient supports, including social needs (16%)
 - Partner with community action agencies to address social needs (16%)
- Philanthropic solutions
 - Seek out funding to provide nutrition classes and food boxes for patients (16%)



Listening Session Results | Patient Supports and Social Drivers of Health

- Policy solutions (16% each)
 - Increase payor payments for CHWs
 - The State of Oregon should:
 - Provide billing and coding training specific to social needs
 - Create a standardized billing hub for social needs to help small and mid-sized organizations navigate the system
 - Require more flexibility for social needs spending
 - Fund human service organizations at a higher level



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Next Steps

- Report published on websites within next month
- Using results to respond to challenges via programming at each organizations
- Next listening sessions in 2027







Thank you!

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